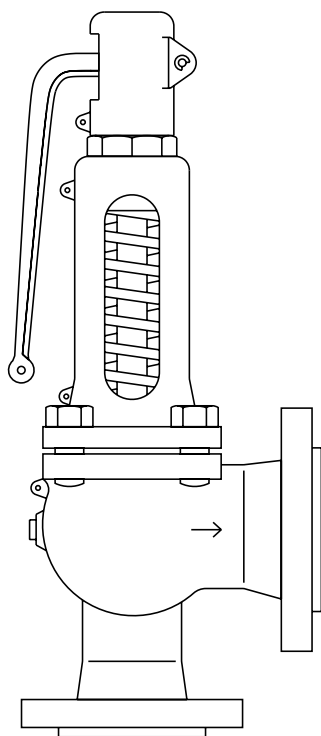


SV60 and SV60H
Safety ValvesInstallation and Maintenance Instructions



1. Safety information
2. Product information
3. Supply
4. Handling
5. Before fitting the valve
6. Installation
7. Damage prevention
8. Commissioning
9. Testing during use
10. Guidelines for setting
11. Maintenance

1. Safety information

Safe operation of the unit can only be guaranteed if it is properly installed, commissioned and maintained by a qualified person (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.

1.1 Intended use

Referring to these Installation and Maintenance Instructions, Name-plate and Technical Information Sheet, check that the product is suitable for the intended use/application. The SV60 safety valve range complies with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC and carry the CE mark. They fall within Category 4 for Group 2 Gases.

- i) The product has been specifically designed for use on steam, air, inert industrial gases and liquids which are in Group 2 of the above mentioned Pressure Equipment Directive. The product's use on other fluids may be possible but, if this is contemplated, Spirax Sarco should be contacted to confirm the suitability of the product for the application being considered.
- ii) Check material suitability, pressure and temperature and their maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it is being fitted, or if malfunction of the product could result in a dangerous overpressure or overtemperature occurrence, ensure a safety device is included in the system to prevent such over-limit situations.
- iii) Determine the correct installation situation and direction of fluid flow.
- iv) Spirax Sarco products are not intended to withstand external stresses that may be induced by any system to which they are fitted. It is the responsibility of the installer to consider these stresses and take adequate precautions to minimise them.
- v) Remove protective covers from all connections and protective film from all name-plates, where appropriate, before installation on steam or other high temperature applications.

1.2 Access

Ensure safe access and if necessary a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting to work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.3 Lighting

Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.4 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline

Consider what is in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider; flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extremes of temperature.

1.5 Hazardous environment around the product

Consider; explosion risk areas, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extremes of temperature, hot surfaces, fire hazard (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.

1.6 The system

Consider the effect on the complete system of the work proposed. Will any proposed action (e.g. closing isolation valves, electrical isolation) put any other part of the system or any personnel at risk?

Dangers might include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolation valves are turned on and off in a gradual way to avoid system shocks.

1.7 Pressure systems

Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure. Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and the locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.

1.8 Temperature

Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid danger of burns.

1.9 Tools and consumables

Before starting work ensure that you have suitable tools and/or consumables available. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.10 Protective clothing

Consider whether any protective clothing is required by yourself and/or others in the vicinity to protect against the hazards of, for example, chemicals, high/low temperature, noise, falling objects, and dangers to eyes and face.

1.11 Permits to work

All work must be carried out or be supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in the correct use of the product according to these instructions.

Where a formal 'permit to work' system is in force it must be complied with. Where there is no such system, it is recommended that a responsible person should know what work is going on and, where necessary, arrange to have an assistant whose primary responsibility is safety.

Post 'warning notices' if necessary.

1.12 Handling

Where the weight of the product exceeds 20 kg it is recommended that suitable lifting equipment is used to prevent personal injury.

1.13 Residual hazards

In normal use the external surface of the product may be very hot. If used at the maximum permitted operating conditions the surface temperature of some products may reach temperatures in excess of 200°C.

Many products are not self-draining. Take due care when dismantling or removing the product from an installation (refer to Section 11, 'Maintenance').

1.14 Freezing

Provision must be made to protect products which are not self-draining against frost damage if they are inoperative in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below freezing point.

1.15 Safety information - Product specific

This product should not be dismantled without first releasing the compression on the control spring.

This valve may contain a Viton component. If the valve has been subjected to a temperature approaching 315°C, the Viton material may have decomposed and formed hydrofluoric acid. Avoid skin contact and inhalation of any dust or fumes as this acid causes deep burns and damage to the respiratory system.

1.16 Disposal

Unless otherwise stated in the Installation and Maintenance Instructions, this product is recyclable and no ecological hazard is anticipated with its disposal providing due care is taken. However, if the valve is fitted with a Viton seat, special care must be taken to avoid potential health hazards associated with decomposition / burning of these seats.

Viton:

- Can be landfilled, when in compliance with National and Local regulations.
- Can be incinerated, but a scrubber must be used to remove Hydrogen Fluoride, which is evolved from the product and with compliance to National and Local regulations.
- Is insoluble in aquatic media.

1.17 Returning products

Customers and stockists are reminded that under UK and EC Health, Safety and Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco they must provide information on any hazards and the precautions to be taken due to contamination residues or mechanical damage which may present a health, safety or environmental risk. This information must be provided in writing including Health and safety data sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous.

2. Product information

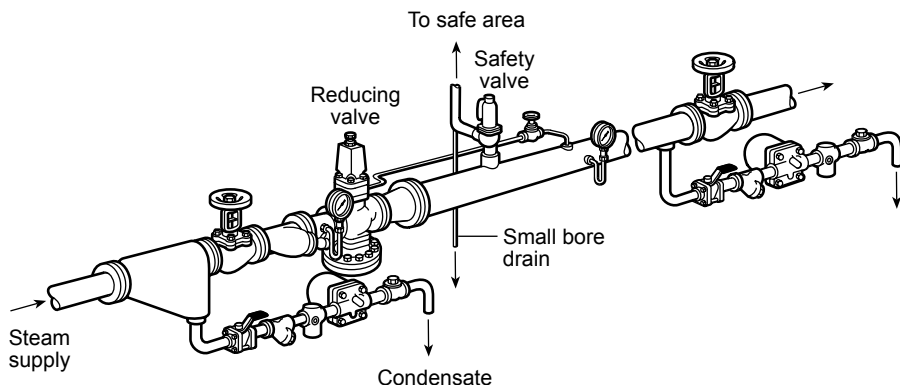


Fig. 1 Typical installation of safety valve, downstream of pressure reducing valve station

2.1 Description

The SV60 is a range of full lift flanged safety valves suitable for use on steam, inert industrial gas and water services.

The SV60 is suitable for the following applications; protection of steam boilers, pipelines and pressure vessels, compressors and receivers and for most general process industry applications. The SV60H is suitable for use only on hot water boilers in accordance with DIN 4571.

Available types

There are two body material variations for these valves

SV607 and **SV607H**

SG iron

SV604 and **SV604H**

Carbon steel

Inlet sizes range from DN20 to DN150

The **SV607** and **SV604** are available with the option of easing lever and open or closed bonnets.

The **SV607H** and **SV604H** have an easing lever and closed bonnet as standard. Open bonnet and sealed cap are not available for the 'H' version.

Standards and approvals

All valves carry the CE mark and comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC and fall within Category 4 for Group 2 gases.

The **SV604** is approved by the TÜV to AD-Merkblatt A2, AD-Merkblatt A4, TRD 721, Vd TÜV 100 and 100/4. Seat tightness to ASME/API standard 527-1992. Also Lloyds Register (LR) type approval, Certificate No. 01/00125 (E2).

The **SV607H** and **SV604H** are approved by the TÜV to TRD 721 and Vd TÜV Merkblatt SV100 and 100/4.


Certification

A manufacturers' Typical Test Report is provided as standard for each valve which will include the valve set and hydraulic test pressure. Also available on request is material certification in accordance with EN 10204 3.1.

Inlet sizes include DN20, DN25, DN32, DN40, DN50, DN65, DN80, DN100, DN125 and DN150.

Standard PN flanges are to EN 1092 and ASME 300 to EN 1759-1.
The body drain connection is ½" BSP.

(see page 8 for the SV604H and SV607H pressure/temperature limits)

 A tungsten alloy spring **must be used** in this region. Consult Spirax Sarco for further information.

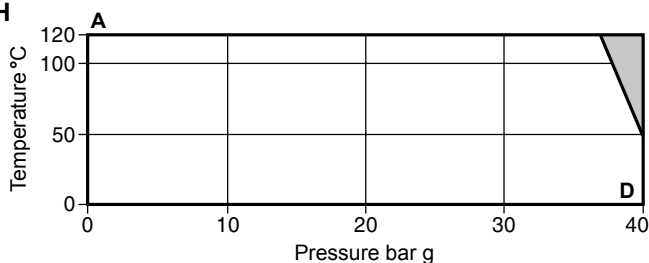
Body design conditions		SV604		PN40		
		SV607		PN16 or PN25		
			Size	Saturated steam	Air	Water
Set pressure maximum	SV604	PN40	DN20 x DN32	29 bar g	40 bar g	40 bar g
			DN25 x DN40	29 bar g	40 bar g	40 bar g
			DN32 x DN50	29 bar g	40 bar g	40 bar g
			DN40 x DN65	29 bar g	40 bar g	40 bar g
			DN50 x DN80	29 bar g	40 bar g	40 bar g
			DN65 x DN100	29 bar g	32 bar g	32 bar g
			DN80 x DN125	29 bar g	32 bar g	32 bar g
			DN100 x DN150	25 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN125 x DN200	20 bar g	20 bar g	20 bar g
			DN150 x DN250	16 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g
	SV607	PN25	DN20 x DN32	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN25 x DN40	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN32 x DN50	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN40 x DN65	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN50 x DN80	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN65 x DN100	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN80 x DN125	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN100 x DN150	22.5 bar g	25 bar g	25 bar g
			DN125 x DN200	20 bar g	20 bar g	20 bar g
			DN150 x DN250	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g
PN16	DN65 x DN100	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g		
	DN80 x DN125	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g		
	DN100 x DN150	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g		
	DN125 x DN200	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g		
	DN150 x DN250	14.6 bar g	16 bar g	16 bar g		
Set pressure minimum		SV604		0.2 bar g		
		SV607		0.2 bar g		
Temperature	Maximum	SV604		400°C		
		SV607		350°C		
	Minimum			-10°C		
Performance data		Overpressure	Steam and gas		5%	
			Liquids		10%	
		Blowdown limit	Steam and gas		10%	
			Liquids		20%	
		Backpressure limit		Up to 10% of set pressure		
Designed for a maximum inlet cold hydraulic test pressure of:		SV604		60 bar g		
		SV607	PN25		38 bar g	
			PN16		24 bar g	

2.4 Pressure/temperature limits - SV604H and SV607H

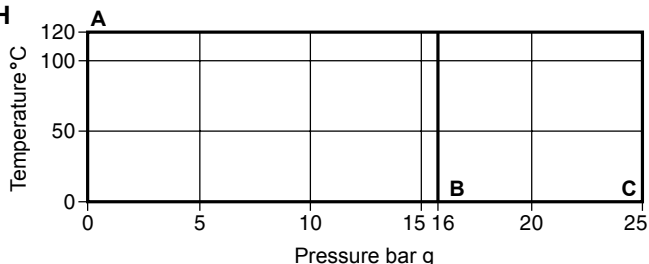
(see pages 6 and 7 for the SV604 and SV607 pressure/temperature limits)

Please contact Spirax Sarco, when so required, for relevant details regarding the maximum allowable limits that the shell can withstand.

SV604H



SV607H



 The product **must not** be used in this region.

A - B Flanged PN16.

A - C Flanged PN25.

A - D Flanged PN40.

Body design conditions	SV604H		PN40
	SV607H		PN16 or PN25
Set pressure range	Maximum		10 bar g
	Minimum		1 bar g
Temperature	EPDM seat	Minimum	5°C
		Maximum	120°C
	Viton seat	Minimum	5°C
		Maximum	120°C
Performance data	Overpressure		10%
	Blowdown limit		10% of set pressure
	Derated coefficient of discharge values		0.5
	Backpressure limit		Up to 10% of set pressure
Designed for a maximum inlet cold hydraulic test pressure of:	PN40		60 bar g
	PN25		38 bar g
	PN16		24 bar g

2.5 Dimensions/weights (approximate) in mm and kg

Size Inlet / Outlet	Dimensions				Weight	
	A	B	C	Flow Ø D	SV604 SV604H	SV607 SV607H
DN20 - DN32	85	95	385	17.0	10.5	10.5
DN25 - DN40	100	105	435	23.8	12.5	11.5
DN32 - DN50	110	115	450	30.6	16.0	15.0
DN40 - DN65	115	140	520	38.0	18.0	18.0
DN50 - DN80	120	150	535	50.1	20.0	22.0
DN65 - DN100	140	170	710	59.0	40.0	38.0
DN80 - DN125	160	195	790	73.0	56.0	53.0
DN100 - DN150	180	220	835	91.0	77.0	75.0
DN125 - DN200	200	250	1 042	105.0	120.0	115.0
DN150 - DN250	225	285	1 165	125.0	190.0	180.0

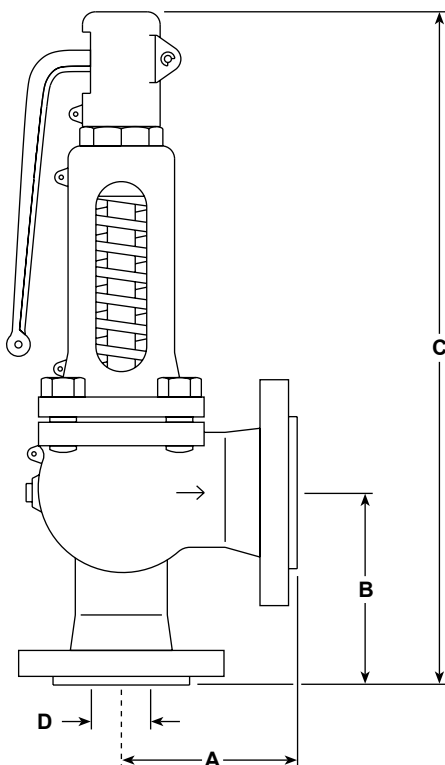
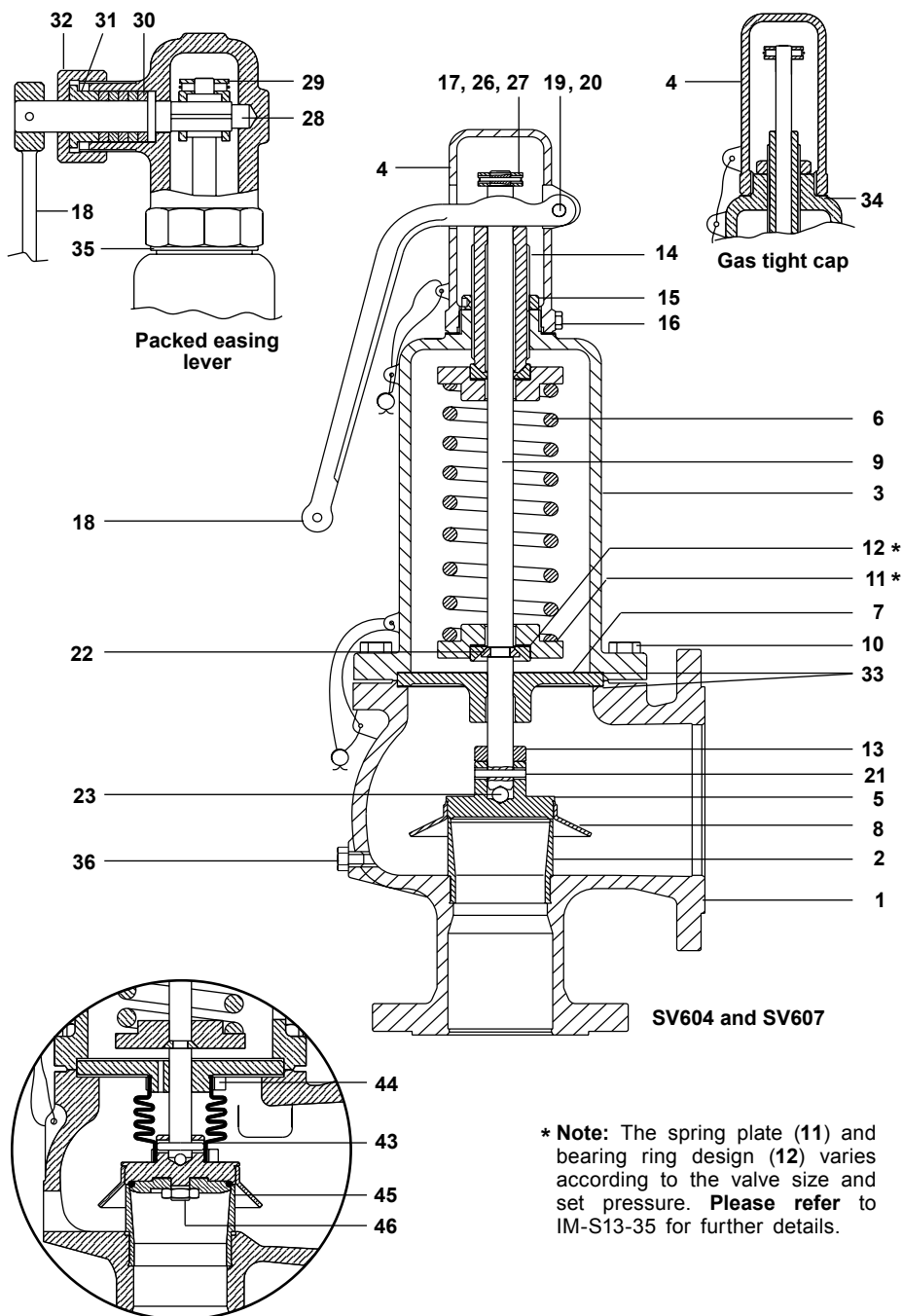


Fig. 2

2.6 Materials

No.	Part	Material
1	Body	SV604 Carbon steel 1.0619 + N
		SV607 SG iron GJS-400-18LT
2	Seat	DN20 - DN100 Stainless steel 1.4057
		DN125 - DN150 Stainless steel ANC2
3	Bonnet	SV604 Carbon steel 1.0619 + N
		SV607 SG iron GJS-400-18LT
4	Cap	SG iron GJS-400-15
5	Disc	SV604 and SV607 DN20 - DN100 Stainless steel 1.4021
		DN125 - DN150 Stainless steel CA15
		SV604H and SV607H DN20 - DN125 Stainless steel 1.4021
		DN150 Stainless steel CA15
6	Spring	Standard Chrome-vanadium alloy steel
		For temperatures above 230°C Tungsten alloy steel
7	Guide plate	SG iron GJS-400-15
8	Skirt	DN20 - DN100 Stainless steel 1.4301
		DN125 - DN150 Stainless steel 1.4308
9	Stem	Stainless steel 1.4021
10	Body bolts	Steel CK35
* 11	Spring plate	Carbon steel C45E
* 12	Bearing ring	DN80 - DN150 only Stainless steel 1.4021
13	Spacer	Stainless steel 1.4021
14	Adjustment screw	Stainless steel 1.4021
15	Lock-nut	Zinc plated carbon steel
16	Cap bolt	Zinc plated steel
17	Collar	Zinc plated carbon steel
18	Lever	SG iron GJS-400-15
19	Lever pin	Zinc plated carbon steel
20	Circlip (not shown)	Spring steel
21	Stem pin	Spring steel DIN 7343, A304
22	Collets	Stainless steel 1.4021
23	Stem ball	Stainless steel
26	Collar pin	Zinc plated carbon steel
27	Collar circlip	Spring stainless steel
28	Packed lever spindle	Stainless steel ASTM A276 431
29	Lifting fork	Carbon steel
30	Gland packing	Graphite
31	Gland	Stainless steel ASTM A276 304
32	Gland nut	Carbon steel
33	Guide plate gaskets (2 off)	Reinforced exfoliated graphite
34	Sealed cap gasket	Universal SA
35	Packed lever cap gasket	Universal SA
36	Body drain plug (½" BSP)	Steel
43	Bellows	EPDM
44	Hose clamp	Stainless steel
45	'O' ring	EPDM / Viton
46	Nut	Stainless steel

**These parts
are for the
SV60_H safety
valve only**



SV604H and SV607H construction

Fig. 3

2.7 How to select the SV60 and SV60H safety valve:

Model type		SV60
Body material	4 = Carbon steel 7 = SG iron ----- 4H = Carbon steel 7H = SG iron	4
Configuration	A = Closed bonnet/easing lever ----- *B = Closed bonnet/gas tight cap *C = Closed bonnet/packed easing lever *D = Open bonnet/easing lever *Note: B, C and D apply to the SV604 and SV607 only	A
Seal material	S = Stainless steel with chrome-vanadium alloy steel spring (SV604 and SV607 only) T = Stainless steel with tungsten alloy steel spring (SV604 and SV607 only) ----- E = EPDM (SV604H and SV607H only) V = Viton (SV604H and SV607H only)	S
Size	DN20 to DN150	DN20
Inlet connection	PN16 (DN65 to DN150 only), PN25 or PN40 ----- ASME 300 (SV604 only)	PN40

Selection example **SV60** **4** **A** **S** **DN20** **PN40**

How to order a new product

Example: 1 off Spirax Sarco SV604AS, DN20 flanged PN40 safety valve with a set pressure of 6 bar.

3. Supply

Normally, the valve will be supplied set at the required pressure and sealed.

Setting of Spirax Sarco safety valves must only be carried out by authorised, competent persons. Spirax Sarco accepts no responsibility for valves which have been reset by unauthorised personnel.

4. Handling

- 4.1** Valves should be transported in the upright position.
- 4.2** **Do not drop** and avoid sudden shocks or heavy impacts.
- 4.3** Always store in the suppliers packaging until required.
- 4.4** **Never** carry a safety valve by the lifting lever.

5. Before fitting the valve

- 5.1** Ensure that the installation is correct (See example on Figure 1, page 5).
- 5.2** Check that the details on the safety valve name-plate are compliant with the installation and process.
- 5.3** Blow through the pipework to ensure that it is completely free of any foreign matter that may otherwise pass to the valve seat and cause damage, leading to seat leakage. Blowdown must be carried out before installing the safety valve.
- 5.4** Ensure that valve is set to the correct pressure, see 'Testing during use', Section 9.
- 5.5** Remove protective caps and seal.
- 5.6** Remove any plastic securing straps from the lever.

6. Installation

Note: Before actioning any installation observe the 'Safety information' in Section 1.

- 6.1** The valve should always be mounted vertically upwards with its main axis vertical.
- 6.2** The valve should be fitted to the pipework or vessel by means of the shortest possible length of pipe or fitting.
- 6.3** There should be no intervening valve or fitting i.e. it should not be possible to isolate the safety valve (see Figure 4).
- 6.4** The inlet pipe connection should not be smaller than the valve (see Figures 7 and 8, page 16).
- 6.5** The outlet pipe size should be equal or larger than the valve outlet to keep backpressure below 10% of the set pressure. **Use long radius bends and fittings.**
- 6.6** Direct the outlet pipework to a safe point of discharge where there is no risk of injury to persons or damage to property in the event of the valve operating.
- 6.7** The outlet pipework should be adequately supported such that it does not place undue stress on the safety valve.
- 6.8** Where the outlet pipework is directed upwards (i.e. on steam service), a small bore drain should be provided at the lowest point (Figure 5). This drain should be taken to a place where any discharge will not create a hazard or inconvenience.
- 6.9** For installation where condensate is likely to accumulate in the valve body, it is recommended that the ½" BSP body drain connection (Item 36, page 11) is piped to a safe drainage point.
- 6.10** Each safety valve should have its own unrestricted discharge pipe.
- 6.11** Safety valves with open bonnets may release fluid under pressure when discharging. Ensure this can be done safely.
- 6.12** Safety valve lagging should be limited to the body only.
- 6.13** Safety valves can operate very suddenly and will be too hot to touch without protection when installed on steam systems.

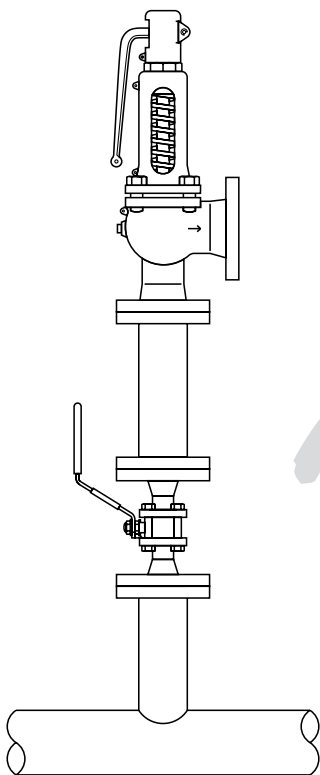


Fig. 4

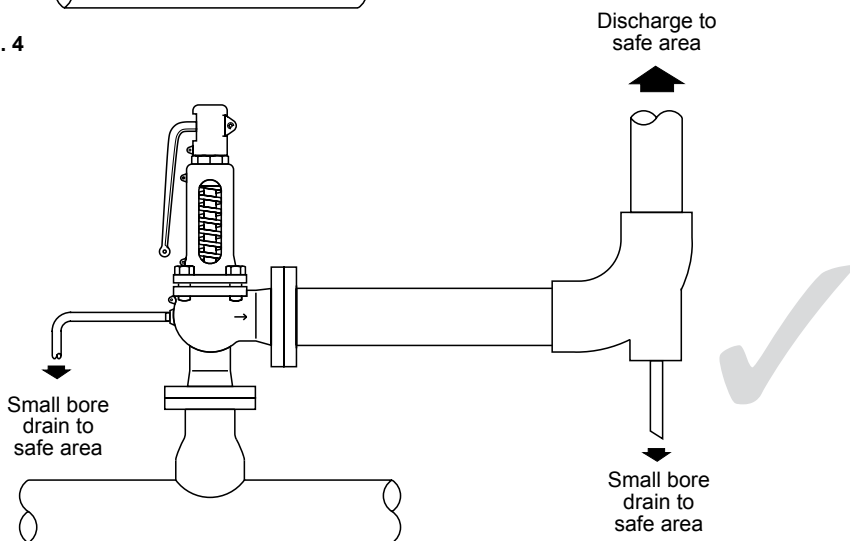


Fig. 5

7. Damage prevention

Excessive pressure loss at the inlet of a safety valve when it relieves will cause extremely rapid opening and closing of the valve, observed as chattering or hammering. This may result in reduced capacity as well as damage to seating faces and the other parts of the safety valve.

When normal pressure is restored it is possible that the safety valve will leak.

7.1 Solution

Pressure loss at inlet should be no more than 3% of pressure differential between set pressure and superimposed backpressure when discharging.

The safety valve should be fitted 8-10 pipe diameters downstream of converging, diverging fittings or bends (Figure 6).

Inlet branches should be as Figures 7 and 8.

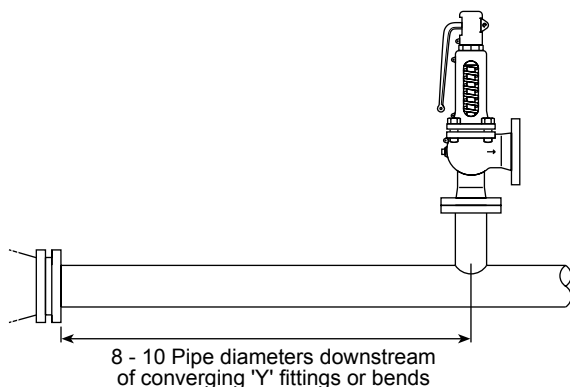


Fig. 6

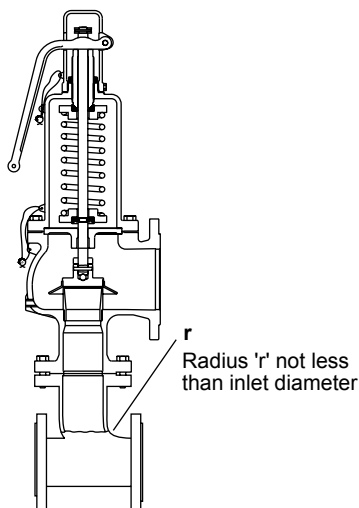


Fig. 7

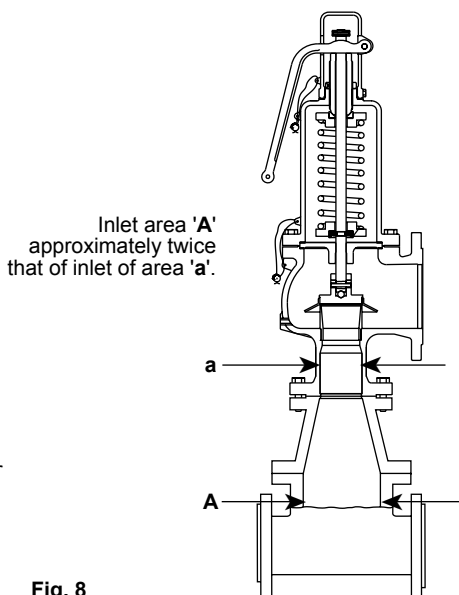


Fig. 8

8. Commissioning

- 8.1** Once the safety valve has been fitted check that there are no leaks from either the inlet or the outlet connections.
- 8.2** Test the valve by raising the system pressure. Check that the safety valve operates at the correct set pressure.
- 8.3** Reduce the system pressure to the normal operating pressure and check that the safety valve reseats.

9. Testing during use

- 9.1** It is recommended that the safety valve be tested for correct operation on a regular basis as part of a documented and controlled procedure, the frequency of testing is dependant on the application and system conditions and an appropriate test interval must be decided by the user or relevant insurance company.

Note: Use suitable protection against excess heat and noise when testing safety valves.

- 9.2** Some valves are fitted with standard (open type) or packed easing levers to enable testing for correct operation during use.
Do not operate the lever unless the system pressure is at least 85% of the safety valve set pressure.
Do not use any tool or mechanical device (e.g. length of pipe) on the lever. **Do not** apply excessive force - **Hand operation only**.

10. Guidelines for setting

(By authorised and competent persons only)

10.1 Choice of set pressure

A decision must be made regarding the pressure at which the safety valve should be set. The maximum set pressure, in accordance with BS 5500, is the safe working pressure of the plant it protects and the valve must achieve its rated capacity with an overpressure of no more than 10%.

The SV60 achieves its rated capacity at 5% over pressure (10% for the SV60H). If the valve is set too close to the operating pressure of the system the valve may operate prematurely. It will also fail to close satisfactorily when normal operating pressure is restored. Figure 9 outlines the way a safety valve operates.

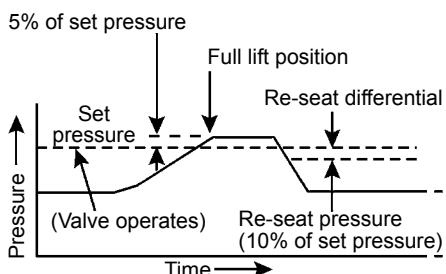


Fig. 9

It can be seen that the safety valve does not re-seat when the pressure falls to the safety valve set pressure.

There must be adequate differential between the maximum system operating pressure and the safety valve set pressure if the valve is to re-seat.

The maximum system operating pressure is most likely to occur during no-load conditions. Figure 10 shows the range within which the valve must be set.

Fig. 10

Flowrate = Maximum rating of pressure reducing valve

A = 10% of safety valve set pressure, 0.3 bar minimum

B = Normal system pressure variation

Note: The operating pressure of a system will vary and it is important that the safety valve is set high enough to accommodate such fluctuations.

Maximum allowable working pressure	Maximum setting of safety valve
or design pressure of vessel	Safety valve may be set within this range
	Minimum setting of safety valve
Maximum system operating pressure	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="border-top: 1px solid black; height: 10px; width: 10px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; height: 10px; width: 10px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> </div> <div> <div style="text-align: center;">A</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Re-seat differential</div> </div> </div>
No-load condition	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <div style="border-top: 1px solid black; height: 10px; width: 10px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; height: 10px; width: 10px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> </div> <div> <div style="text-align: center;">B</div> </div> </div>
Operating pressure	

10.2 Setting the valve

Spirax Sarco cannot be held responsible for unauthorised alteration of the set pressure.

10.3 Valves supplied unset

Valves supplied unset to approved agents will include a set pressure tag to be stamped with the appropriate set pressure in bar after setting.

The tag should be permanently attached to the valve with locking wire and lead seal. The back of the blue instruction label affixed to each unset valve will indicate the pressure range of the spring fitted.

11. Maintenance

All safety valves should receive planned maintenance.

Note: Before actioning any maintenance work please read 'Safety information', Section 1.

It is recommended that the Spirax Sarco SV60 safety valves are returned to Spirax Sarco, or an approved Spirax Sarco agent, for a thorough overhaul periodically, please read 'Returning products', Section 1.17.

The valve will be returned having been overhauled, tested re-set and sealed in accordance with industry standard procedures.

